

FLOWER'S MESSAGE.

Important Matters Discussed by the Governor of New York.

THE BUFFALO SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE

The Rights of Employees to Strike Against Unjust Impositions by Corporations Recognized, but They Must Keep Within the Law—No Powers of Oppression Should be Granted—The "Sweat Shop" Crusade—He Denounces the Coal Combination.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 3.—The legislature convened to-day at noon. William Sulzer, of New York, being made speaker of the house, and Mr. Mabley, of St. Lawrence county, the Republican leader. The governor's message was read in both houses and adjournment was had for one week.

Following is an abstract of Governor Flower's message:

The governor referring to state institutions discloses that he has visited nearly, if not quite all, the state institutions and he holds that his recommendations of legislation must have the weight due to judgment founded on personal observation. So close an inquiry into state interests by a governor is unusual.

The state has financial obligations amounting to \$450,000 and a treasury balance of \$1,701,487.

Touching the Buffalo strike, the governor announces the expenditure by the State to have been \$192,647, and then adds: "Employees have the right to strike and peacefully persuade others to join them, and in their earnest and lawful efforts to benefit their condition they may always feel sure that public sympathy is with them and against selfish corporations. But every citizen and corporation, every employee and employer, must observe and respect the authority of law and government. So long as they keep within the law, state government will leave them to settle their own disputes. But law must be observed, person and property must be protected and the lawful use of property by its owners must not be interfered with. These are the ends for which the state primarily exists. For the maintenance of these ends, every dollar of the state's money, the life and services of every member of the National Guard and the support of every law-abiding citizen are pledged.

It should be the aim of the law-making body to see that our laws confer equal privileges. It is not right that powers should be granted to corporations to oppress either their employees or the people. Whatever can be wisely done by legislation to guarantee equal rights to all should be done. But law will not accomplish everything. Corporations will learn by costly experience that even from the selfish point of view it pays to be considerate of the welfare of their employees. No men, or corporations, can stop the march of civilization. Shorter hours of labor, better wages and the opportunity which these give for education and enjoyment are natural human aspirations. They should be treated as such in a friendly, Christian spirit, not repelled with arrogant manner or impatient consideration. Honest recognition by corporations or just demands from employers will solve many a labor difficulty and prevent many an opportunity for lawless strife and civil disorder."

Dealing with the law against "sweat shops" and its results, the governor says: "The present law does not go far enough to remedy all the evils which have grown up under this system. If the manufacturer escapes the responsibility and expense of running a factory he should be compelled to keep a register of those who are making up his goods, and no person should be given work who could not produce a certificate from an inspector stating that he occupied healthy and suitable quarters for the purpose of manufacturing. This would be a proper amendment to the present law, and the importance of the subject, it seems to me, warrants its careful consideration."

The governor urges the passage of "a carefully guarded compulsory education law," and proposes that the canal problem can be solved only by more rapid transit.

On this head Governor Flower says: "Ample water power for the generation of electricity is accessible along the line of the Erie canal and could be utilized without great expense. The fall of water between Buffalo and Albany being 598 feet, the waste of water at the locks is ample to furnish the power to propel the boats by electricity. The state, however, should own and control the electric plant and charge boatmen a price sufficient to pay the cost for the use of the power. This price ought not to exceed sixty cents a day to each boatman and would be much cheaper than three or four horses or mules, upon which he now depends, and consequently would enable him to make greater profits in his occupation."

I recommend that proper provision be made by law to encourage and facilitate experiments in this direction."

Of the state exhibit at the Chicago fair the governor says: "While the present appropriation has been expended during the year, the commissioners will need an additional appropriation of \$3,000 to complete their work properly, and that amount is herewith recommended."

A state commission of agriculture is recommended, in which shall be consolidated under one executive head the various bureaus and agencies now existing. The executive has something to say of the coal combination thus: "The consumers are at the mercy of the combination. It can raise the price of anthracite coal as high as it can find purchasers. The price has increased 75 to 100 per cent within a year. The only apparent limit to the extortion is the refusal of the people to buy. In that case they must use bituminous coal or wood or kerosene with the cold. Have the people of this state any means of legislative relief against such a monopoly of natural and necessary product? The question is worthy of your earnest attention."

The governor is convinced that state care of the insane rather than by counties is a boon. He believes public sentiment favors the postponement of a constitutional convention.

Attention is given to election bribery and the governor wants the corrupt practices act extended to affect political agents and committees, and he urges such legislation as will make proof of bribery on the part of candidates, or their political agents or committees sufficient cause for forfeiture of office.

On the subject of quarantine Gov. Flower says: "I am free to confess that I am not yet convinced that the old-fashioned Jeffersonian theory of self-government must be laid aside for the adoption of a centralized government exercising a great variety of functions, which the states or the people can best

discharge for themselves. I am not opposed to a national quarantine but to an exclusive national quarantine such as is urged in contemporary discussion. There is a field on which the federal government must exercise quarantine powers. The place to detain cholera is on the other side of the ocean, not in New York.

"A rigid system of inspection at foreign ports under the direction of the consular service would form the best kind of national quarantine. As for the rest it can safely be left to state jurisdiction and control."

PENNSYLVANIA SOLONS

Meet in Biennial Session—A Hot Contest Over a Seat.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 3.—The biennial session of the legislature of Pennsylvania began at noon to-day. The returns of election of members of the house, as certified by the secretary of the commonwealth, were presented by Mr. Harry. When Crawford county was reached the chief clerk substituted for the returns certifying the election of Wilbur F. Higby, Democrat, the document awarded on Saturday last to William H. Andrews, Republican, by Judge Henderson, before whom Andrews had raised the question of the legality of Higby's election. The Democrats, led by Messrs. Fow, Wherry and Ritter, made an ineffectual attempt to check this action, but Chief Clerk Voorhees declared that nothing was in order but the reading of the returns.

Mr. Fow denounced the proceedings as an unheard-of outrage. The chief clerk announced that the returns of the election officers were superseded by the decision of the Crawford county court.

The members were then sworn in and Caleb C. Thompson, of Warren county, was elected speaker over Walter F. Ritter, of Locoming, the Democratic nominee. After the members had been sworn in it was discovered that both Andrews and Higby had gathered with the crowd and both took the oath. Higby arrived first this morning and took possession of the seat assigned to the Crawford county member. Andrews will probably slip into the seat the first time Higby vacates it and thus the war promises to go on.

Voorhees was formally elected chief clerk. Both branches of the legislature after effecting an organization took a recess until 3 o'clock.

California Legislature.

SACRAMENTO, CALA., Jan. 3.—The California legislature assembled to-day. Republicans organizing the senate by electing Senator R. B. Carpenter, of Los Angeles, president pro tem and the Democrats organizing the assembly by electing F. B. Gould as speaker and George Peckham, Santa Clara, chief clerk. Gov. Markham's address was not presented and no business was transacted to-day.

Warm Fight Ahead.

DENVER, COLO., Jan. 3.—The Colorado state legislature will convene in this city at noon to-morrow. Great interest is manifested in regard to the organization of the two houses, and numerous caucuses have been held by the Republicans, Democrats and Populists, but nothing definite has been decided upon.

CARLISLE ACCEPTS.

His Friends Say He Will Be Secretary of the Treasury.

FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 3.—It is reported on reliable authority that John G. Carlisle has concluded to accept the secretary of the treasury portfolio. This information comes from a prominent politician, who is an intimate friend of Senator Carlisle. Congressman Canth said that he knew the position had been tendered Mr. Carlisle. It is believed here that he has accepted and the contest for the senatorial succession has commenced.

The Electoral Vote.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Evening Post to-day says: "The settlement of the Oregon contest makes it possible to give an accurate table of the vote for President as it should be cast by the electoral college, and which will show the total number of votes 344. Necessary to a choice 228. Cleveland's majority 108. The total vote for the respective candidates is as follows: Cleveland, 278; Harrison, 144; and Weaver 24."

World's Fair Manager Dead.

DENVER, COLO., Jan. 3.—Dr. Alex Shaw, chief of the horticultural department of the World's Fair and one of the Board of World's Fair Managers, died to-day. Dr. Shaw was born October 13, 1815, in Camden, Kent county, Delaware.

Typhus in New York.

New York, Jan. 3.—Twelve new cases of typhus fever were reported to-day, making a total of sixty-six since the outbreak. The third death occurred at Riverside hospital to-day.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

UNION STOCK YARDS, BALTIMORE, MD., Monday, Jan. 2, 1893.

Swine—While the receipts have been fair during the week they are rather light to-day, though the market is not by any means active. Only a fair demand being reported by dealers. Prices have improved some 15 or 20 cents per 100 lbs. over last week's values, with the quotation for good to best western hogs at \$7.00 to \$7.50 per 100 lbs. gross, and for rough hogs at \$6.00 to \$6.50 per 100 lbs. gross. Pigs sold at \$5.00 to \$5.50 per 100 lbs. Receipts of hogs this week 12,342 head.

Sheep and Lambs—There is a fairly good trade in sheep while lambs are slow. We quote sheep at \$4.50 per lb. gross, lambs at \$4.50 to \$5.00 per lb. gross.

Financially Embarrassed.

A large manufacturer, whose affairs were very much embarrassed, and who was overworked and broken down with nervous exhaustion, went to a celebrated specialist. He was told that the only thing needed was to be relieved of care and worry, and have a change of thought. This doctor was more considerate of his patient's health than of his financial circumstances. He ought to have advised him to use Dr. Miller's Restorative Nervine, the best remedy for nervous prostration, sleeplessness, dizziness, headache, ill effects of spirits, tobacco, coffee, opium, etc. Thousands testify to cures. Book and trial bottle free at Logan Drug Co.'s 5

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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FOOTBALL AS SHE IS PLAYED

Something About the Game Which Has Grown to Such Popularity.

Rugby football, for it is from the Rugby union rules that our American intercollegiate game was derived, dates its era of popularity from the formation in England, in 1871, of the union of some score of clubs. One of the favorite school matches was sixty form against the rest of the school. The number soon dwindled down to twenty on a side, and with the reduction in numbers came increased running and added interest. This changed to fifteen at the request of Scotland in 1877. At last there followed a more open style of play, and before long short passing became common.

In 1882 the Oxford team instituted the long low pass to the open and by the use of it remained undefeated for three seasons.

After the decrease to fifteen men the number of three-fourths back, who really represent our American one-half back, was increased from one to two, and two full backs were played. A little later British captains put in another full back up into the three-fourths line, playing with only one full back.

The English also play two men, whom they call half-backs, but whose duties are like those of our quarter back, to seize the ball when it comes out of the scrimmage and pass it to a three-quarter back for a run.

Nine men is the usual number for an English rush line, although a captain will sometimes take his ninth rusher back.

The American game, it must be remembered came from the Rugby union in 1876, and not from the Rugby union of today, although the changes in the English game have been by no means commensurate with those made on this side of the water.

In the autumn of 1878 the first game under Rugby rules between American colleges was played at New Haven, and before another was attempted a convention had tried its hand at correcting the weak points, as they appeared to the legislatures in the Rugby union rules.

The feature of the American game in distinction from the English is just as it was within a year from the time of the adoption of the sport, "the outlet of the scrimmage."

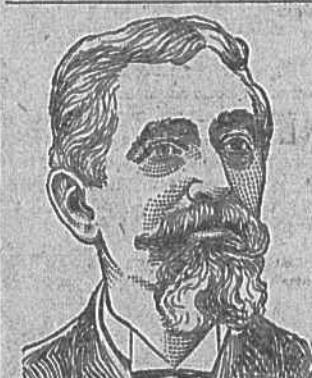
In this lies the backbone to which the entire body of the American football is attached.

The English half backs stand outside the scrimmage, and when the ball pops out it is their duty to seize it and pass it out to a three-quarter back, who runs with it.

The American quarter-back stands behind the scrimmage and gives a signal immediately after which he knows the ball will come directly into his hands to be passed for a run or a kick. What is, therefore, in the English game a matter of considerable chance is certain in the American game, and the element of chance being eliminated, opportunity is given for the display in the latter game of brilliant plays and carefully-planned maneuvers.

The number usually adopted for matches in this country was eleven on each side. From some silly notion that it would increase the skill displayed, this number was changed to fifteen, although the Englishmen were moving in the other direction by changing their number from twenty to fifteen. A year or two of fifteen on a side drove the American players back to eleven, and there the number has rested, and occupy the following places: Full back, left half back, right half back, quarter back, center rush, right and left guards, right and left tackles, right and left ends.

There is nothing like Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to quickly cure a cold or relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs. M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak, St. Joseph Co., Mich.



Mr. Joseph Hemmerlich
An old soldier, came out of the War greatly entebled by Typhoid Fever, and after being in various hospitals the doctors discharged him as incurable with Consumption. He has been in poor health since, until he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Immediately his cough grew looser, night sweats ceased, and he regained good general health. He cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla, especially to comrades in the G. A. R.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

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That while we cannot give you something for nothing, we aim to give a good, honest deal every time. We invite your personal inspection.

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Get the best. It will pay you. I am prepared to furnish No. 3 Pool Coal from Pennsylvania's mines at Pineyville, Pa., retail or wholesale at the lowest market prices. All orders promptly attended to. R. TEASDALE, Corner Sixteenth and Chapline Streets, Wheeling, W. Va. Telephone 15.

N. B.—This coal is mined by organized miners.

COAL CONSUMERS.

The West Virginia Sand Company is now ready to supply the public with the best coal in the market. Telephone 561.

JOHN L. SHRYVER, 1315 Water Street.

To Coal Consumers of Wheeling

I have opened a coal yard at the corner of Twenty-first and Water streets, Wheeling, and am prepared to supply all those who patronize me with the best fuel brought to this market for steam, gas or domestic purposes.

The coal I sell is the famous MONONGAH COAL, and the patronage of all consumers is respectfully solicited.

My office is at the yard and all orders will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 34.

Respectfully, R. H. D. WILLIS.

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STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

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The annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Bank of West Virginia, at Wheeling, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10, 1893, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock p. m., for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business that may come before them. JOHN WAGNER, Cashier.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of the Ohio Valley, Wheeling, W. Va., for the election of directors, will be held Monday, January 9, 1893, from 3 to 5 o'clock p. m., at the banking house, 28 Twelfth street.

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GENERAL NOTICES.

DISOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Frew, Campbell & Hart, is by mutual consent, this day dissolved.

The business will be continued under the corporate name of "Intelligencer Publishing Company," who will pay all liabilities and all contracts of the old firm, and to whom all payments on account of same shall be made.

JOHN FREW, A. W. CAMPBELL, CHAS. BURDET HART.

WHEELING, W. Va., December 11, 1892.

FOR MAYOR.

To the VOTERS OF THE CITY OF WHEELING:

I am a candidate for Mayor of the City of Wheeling at the next Municipal Election, to be held January 24, 1893. Your vote is respectfully solicited. Respectfully,

R. F. CALDWELL.

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FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES, THREE and four rooms respectively. Inquire at 2100 Main street.

FOR RENT—A NEW FRAME House of Eight Rooms, corner Fourteenth and Woods streets. Inquire April 1. Inquire at 37 Fifteenth street.

FOR RENT—MARKET GARDEN—One mile above the Top mill, possession immediately. Apply at No. 43 Fifteenth street to JOHN P. OILCHERST.

FOR RENT—LARGE BRICK dwelling, 2413 Main street, possession April 1st. Warehouses, 1309-1311 Main street, formerly occupied by B. Bailey, wholesale grocer. Choice rooms in Bailey block. J. V. REILLY, Agent.

FOR RENT.

The store room at present occupied by John McCrum as a shoe store, No. 1315 Main street, or the whole building, for rent from April 1, 1893. Apply to HAL J. KENNEDY, at Stone & Thomas' dry goods store, or write P. KENNEDY, Elm Grove, W. Va.

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30 shares Loughlin Nail Mill.

30 shares Zins Iron and Steel Company.

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30 shares LaSalle Nail Mill.

30 shares Ohio Valley Bank.

30 shares Bellair Nail Mill.

30 shares Wheeling Ice and Storage Company.